



REPUBLIC OF GHANA

COMPOSITE BUDGET

FOR 2024-2027

PROGRAMME BASED BUDGET ESTIMATES

FOR 2024

AFIGYA KWABRE SOUTH DISTRICT ASSEMBLY



AFIGYA KWABRE SOUTH DISTRICT ASSEMBLY

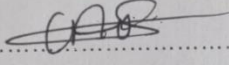
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RESOLUTION BY THE ASSEMBLY ON THE 2024 COMPOSITE BUDGET


The General Assembly of Afigya Kwabre South District at its Third Ordinary meeting of the Second Session of the Fourth Assembly, held on Friday 3rd November, 2023 at the Methodist Church Auditorium, Kodie duly approved the 2024 Composite Budget of the Afigya Kwabre South District Assembly.

The total breakdown of the approved budget is as follows;

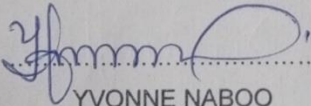
Compensation of Employees	Goods and Service	Capital Expenditure
GH¢ 7,015,445.00	GH¢ 6,808,560.16	GH¢ 5,564,443.84
Total Budget GH¢ 19,388,449.00		


HON. CLEMENT AFRIYIE OPPONG

PRESIDING MEMBER


HON. CHRISTIAN ADU POKU

DISTRICT CHIEF EXECUTIVE


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PART A: STRATEGIC OVERVIEW OF THE ASSEMBLY

Establishment of the District

Brief Introduction of the District

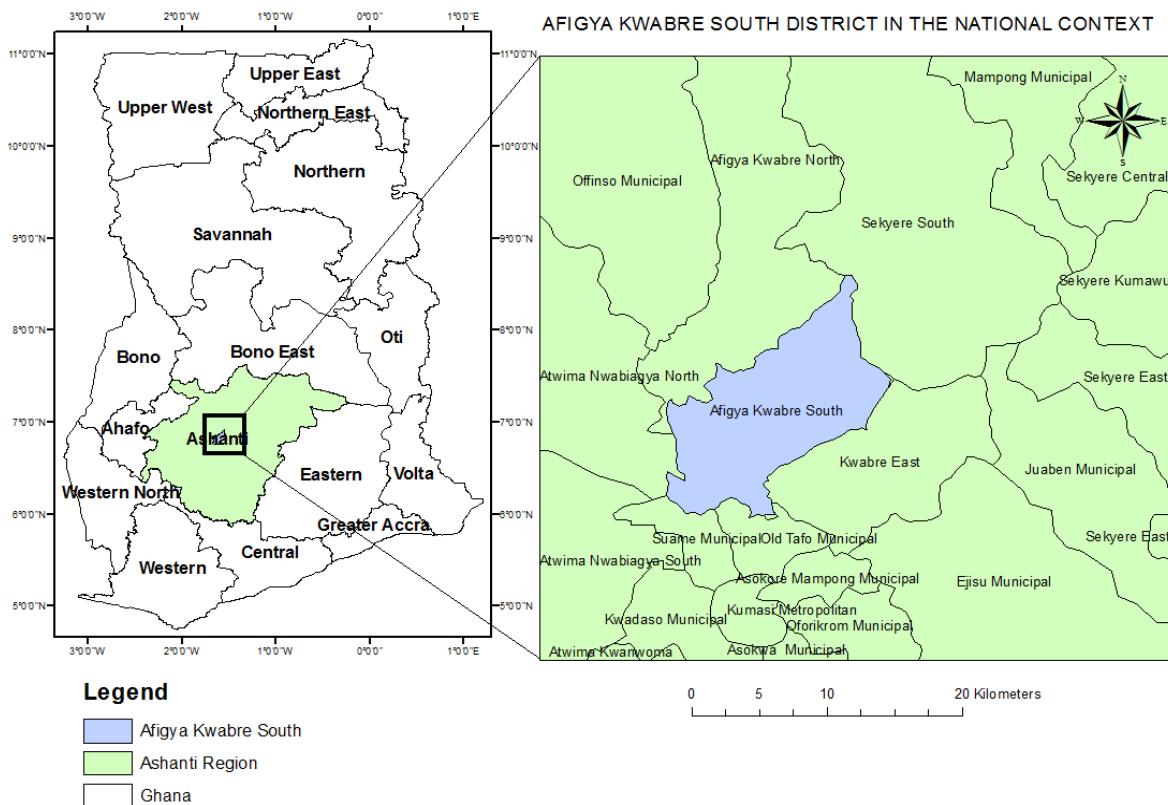
Afigya Kwabre South is one (1) of the forty-three (43) Political Administrative Districts in the Ashanti Region carved out of the then Afigya Kwabre District on the 14th day of November 2017 by Legislative Instrument (L.I 2333), with Kodie as the district capital at digital address AF-0006-1255.

Location and Size

The District is located in the central part of Ashanti Region of Ghana between Latitudes 6.893867 and 6.894077, and Longitudes -1.68917 and -1.52372(WGS 84 coordinate system). The district has an area of about 122 square kilometres (12,188.3 hectares). The District is bounded by Suame Municipal Assembly and Tafo Municipal Assembly to the South, Afigya Kwabre North to the North, Atwima Nwabiagya North to the West, Sekyere South to the North East, and Kwabre East Municipal to the South East.

Its closeness to Kumasi, the second largest city in Ghana makes it a dormitory district and also has a high population growth rate (2.7%) and a fast growth of settlements. This has resulted in intense pressure on socio-economic facilities as well as increase in waste generation.

The District in National Context



Population Structure

Per the 2021 Population and Housing Census (PHC), the total population of the District stands at 234,667.

Males have a population of 115,067 representing 49% whilst females' population stands at 119,600 representing 51%.

The location of the district has a potential for faster growth. The district has assumed a dormitory status serving the Regional Capital, Kumasi. Again, due to the pressure on land in Kumasi, some developers are moving from the metropolis to the district. The acquisition of large tract of land by Suame Magazine Industrial Development Organisation (SMIDO) at Adubinsokese in the district for activities of garages and CLOSAG Housing Project in the same community are also attracting people and industrial activities to the District.

Table 1. 1: Population Size from 1960-2021

Level	Total Population						% increase Over 2010
	1960	1970	1984	2000	2010	*2021	
Ghana	6,126,815	8,579,313	12,296,081	18,845,265	24,658,823	30,832,019	20.02
Ashanti Region	1,109,133	1,481,638	2,090,100	3,600,358	4,780,380	5,440,463	12.12
Afigya Kwabre South	-	-	-	-	93,508	234,667	60.15

Source: Population and Housing Census Reports (1960, 1970, 1984, 2000, 2010). *Actual Population per 2021 PHC.

Table 1. 2: Population of Top Ten Communities

NO.	TOWN	POPULATION	PROJECTED POPULATION 2023**	DISTANCE FROM DISTRICT CAPITAL, KODIE (KM)
		2010 (census report)		
1.	Atimatim	18,465	57,967	8.6
2.	Nkukua Buoho	5,960	18,708	2.6
3.	Afrancho	5,675	17,816	3.5
5.	Taabuom	4,816	15,119	4.0
4.	Wioso	4,254	13,353	1.0
6.	Bronkong	4,090	12,839	3.5

7.	Ankaase	3,877	12,170	8.0
8.	Adwumankase Kese	3,300	10,359	5.6
9.	Kodie	3,269	9,982	0.0
10	Adomankuma Buoho Krobo	2,952	9,266	4.0
TOTAL		56,658	177,579	

Source: Population and Housing Census Reports, 2010,

**Projected 2023

population

From Table 1.6 above, it is clear that 60.5% of the population is concentrated in the ten (10) largest communities; this is an indication that these communities are fast being urbanized. This implies that there is going to be increasing pressure on existing social facilities in these communities. Thus, there is the need to plan adequately to cater for the increasing population.

The sex structure of the district indicates 48.1% for males and 51.9% for females. According to 2010 Population and Housing Census Report, the district has a population density of 332.5 sq. km

Vision

To be a leading District Assembly with well-developed socio-economic infrastructure for enhanced livelihood of the citizenry.

Mission

The District Assembly exist to ensure equal access to social and economic amenities for the wellbeing of the people through effective and efficient local government administration.

Goals

To create an enabling environment for the transformation of the local economy through the modernization of agriculture and sustainable exploitation in the quarry industry.

Core Functions

- To exercise political and administrative authority in the district
- To perform deliberative, legislative and executive functions
- Preparation and execution of -
 - I. Development plans of the district
 - II. Budget of the district
- Formulate and execute plans, programmes and strategies for the effective mobilization of resources necessary for the overall development of the district

- Guide, encourage and support sub-district local government bodies, public agencies and local communities to perform their roles in the execution of approved development plans.
- Initiate and encourage other persons or bodies to undertake projects under approved development plans.
- Monitor the execution of projects under approved development plans and access and evaluate their impact on the people's development, the local district and national economy.
- Formulation and implementation of appropriate and suitable agricultural policies within the framework of the national policies to aid the agricultural development in the district
- Enhance institutional coordination of key stakeholders and others in agricultural development to enhance productivity
- Provision of general extension services to farmers and other stakeholders in the sector.
- Advise the District Assembly and key stakeholders on matters related to agricultural development and existing agricultural potentials in the district.

District Economy

From the 2010 Population and Housing Census, the service and commerce sub-sector employs more people than the other sub-sectors. For example, the service and commerce employs 55.6% while's agriculture and industrial employs 28.5%, and 15.9 respectively. The situation is attributable to the nearness of the district to Kumasi, the regional capital. The status of the district as a peri-urban had also change the district economy from agrarian to service and commerce. Thus, more people are engage in trading activities to serve the people migrating from other areas into the district. Several manufacturing companies have also located to the district because of lack of space in Kumasi.

- Agriculture

The mainstream of the local economy of the district is agriculture. The Agriculture Sector is one of the important components of rural development strategies in rural areas. In view of this, agricultural investment and agro-processing investment is being promoted in parts of Afigya Kwabre South. Directly supporting this is the strengthening and enforcement of laws and regulations against sand winning activities for protecting good agricultural land from such activities.

Major food crops grown by farmers include plantain, cassava, cocoyam, rice and maize. Cocoa is the main cash crop cultivated in the district but at a small scale. Major tree crops cultivated include oil palm and citrus. Vegetables such as tomatoes, garden eggs, pepper and onions are cultivated. In recent times, vegetables like cabbage, carrot, sweet pepper are becoming popular. The district has nineteen (18) Technical Agricultural Staff. This include eleven (10) Agricultural Extension Agents, two (2) Veterinary Technicians, five (5) District Agricultural Officers and the District

Director of Agriculture. These agricultural Extension Officers play a major role in promoting agricultural value chain activities by assisting the farmers and other value chain activities in the district.

They render the following services to farmers in the district:

- ✓ Provision of technical support
- ✓ Promote and enhance adoption of required farming technologies to farmers
- ✓ Provision of improved seed and seedlings to farmers
- ✓ Correct use of Agro-inputs
- ✓ Linking farmers to input to get quality inputs to enhance their business
- ✓ Facilitate the formation of farmers based Organisation
- ✓ Sensitization on important issues relating to agriculture e.g. PPRS, Anti-Rabies campaign, early warning sign for grasshopper infestation.

Table 2:1 Areas under the District in Production

No	Name of Operational Areas	Crops cultivated/Livestock
1	Kodie	Maize, Cassava, Plantain, Vegetables, Livestock, Poultry
2	Aduman	Maize, Cassava, Plantain, Vegetables, Pawpaw, Livestock, Poultry
3	Wawase	Maize, Cassava, Plantain, Oil palm, Cocoyam, Fruits, Vegetables, Cocoa, Livestock, Poultry, Rice
4	Ankaase	Rice, Maize, Cassava, Plantain, Oil Palm, Cocoa, Vegetables, Citrus, Livestock, Poultry, Rice
5	Ejuratia/Mpobi	Maize, Rice, Cassava, Plantain, Oil Palm, Fruits, Vegetables, Livestock, Poultry, Aquaculture, Rice
6	Afrancho/ Ntribuoho	Maize, Rice, Cassava, Vegetables, Livestock, Aquaculture
7	Atimatim/Maase	Maize, Rice, Cassava, Vegetables, Livestock, Poultry
8	Adwumankase kese	Maize, Cassava, Vegetables, Livestock, Poultry, Oil Palm
9	Adubinso kese	Maize, Cassava, Vegetables, Livestock, Poultry
10	Brofoyeddu	Maize, Cassava, Vegetables

Source: MOFA Survey, 2023

- Road Network

The district has an estimated road network coverage of ninety-eight (98) kilometers. Out of this, twenty-two (22) kilometers are in the rural areas while seventy-six (76) kilometers are in the urban area. Eight (8) out of the twenty-two (22) kilometers rural roads representing thirty-six percent (36%) of the rural roads are in good condition. Seventeen (17) out of the seventy-six (76) kilometers of the urban roads comprising twenty-two percent (22%) are in good condition. The road network in the district is generally bad and affect business operations and health delivery.

- Energy

Almost all communities in the district are connected to the national grid with the exception of Mposu and Odumakyi communities. Even though almost all communities have been connected to the national grid but most of the new suburbs in these communities are not connected and thus the need to extend electricity to these areas. The assembly's IGF is most collected from small and medium scale enterprises such as welders, metal fabricators, and provision shops. These businesses depend on electricity for their businesses

- Health

The health facilities in the district include hospitals, Poly Clinic, Clinics, Health Centres, CHPS Compounds and Maternity Homes. The Ankaase Methodist Faith Healing Hospital is the Afigya Kwabre District Hospital and is located at Ankaase. Travel time from Kodie the district capital to Ankaase District Hospital takes about 30 minutes.

The health facilities in the District are being complimented by facilities in neighboring Districts, such as the St. Patrick's Hospital at Offinso (7km from the District Capital) and Komfo-Anokye Teaching Hospital in Kumasi (16km from the District Capital). Again, the accessibility is being facilitated by the relatively good road network linking the two facilities.

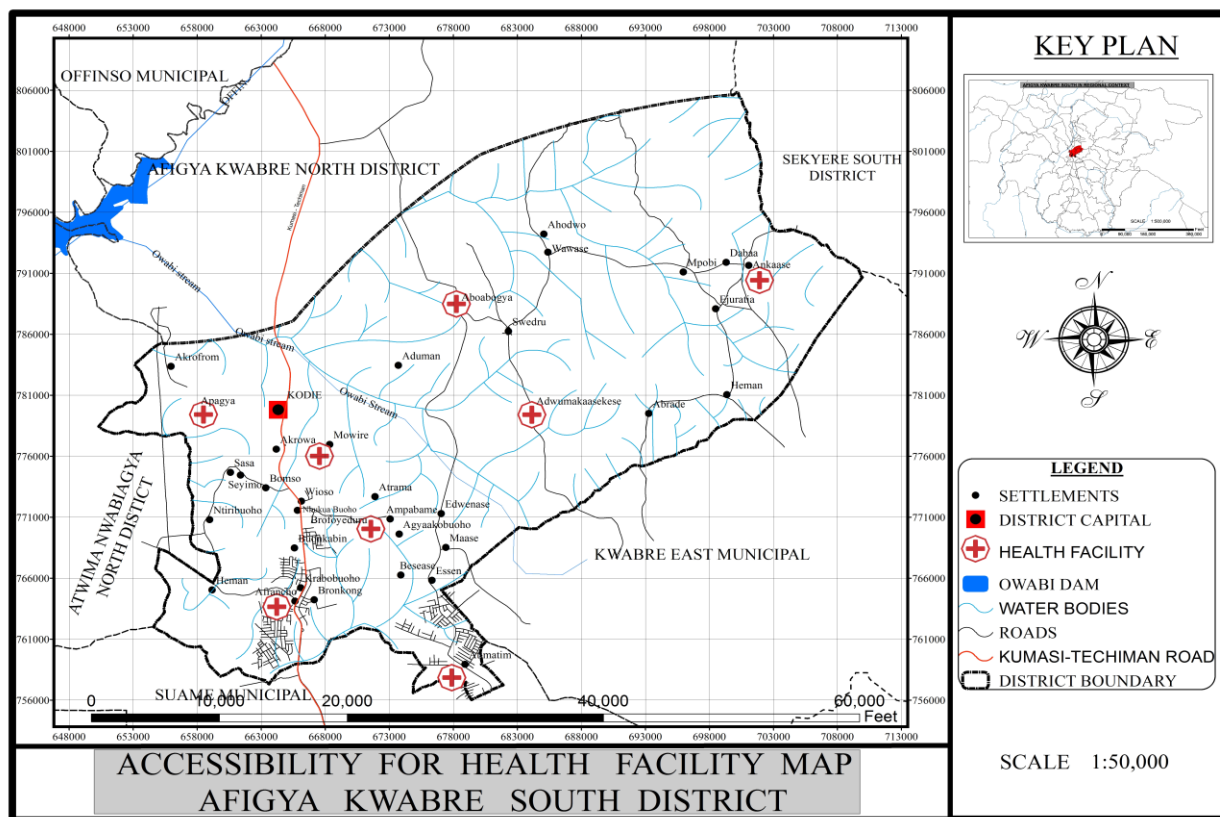
Table 2:2 District Health Facilities

Facility	Number
Hospitals	8
Polyclinics	1
Health Centres and Clinics	11
Maternity Homes	5
CHPS	1
Total	26

- *Source: District Health Directorate, 2023*

The number of Health Facilities in the district are 26 comprising 8 Public Facilities and 18 Private Facilities. The Private Health facilities includes 5 Private Maternity Homes, 8 Private

Hospitals/Clinics, 3 Mission/CHAG Facilities and 2 Specialist Hospitals. The number of health facilities has helped to cater for the growing health needs of the district population. Nonetheless, there is still much ground to cover. The District has 28 functional CHPS Zones. However, the District is a beneficiary of the Construction of a 60-bed Capacity District Hospital at Atrama under the Agenda 111 Health Policy of the Government which is progressing steadily.



• **Common Diseases in the District**

Malaria has over the years been the leading cause of cases reported each year at the health facilities. Looking at the three-year trend, with respect to increasing population; the period under review also saw malaria as first cause of outpatient disease. Hence, strategies like distribution of mosquito nets, spraying of mosquito breeding places and environmental cleanliness should be promoted to reduce malaria prevalence in the district.

Table 2:3 Top Ten (10) OPD Morbidity

Disease	2022	Disease	2023 as at Aug.
Uncomplicated Malaria	29,969	Uncomplicated Malaria	25,059
Upper Respiratory Tract Infections (URTI)	8,740	Upper Respiratory Tract Infections (URTI)	9,666
Rheumatism & Other Joint Pains	4,791	Rheumatism & Other Joint Pains	8,069
Anaemia	4,212	Anaemia	4,060

Skin Diseases	2,254	Skin Diseases	2,767
Diarrhoea Diseases	2,909	Diarrhoea Diseases	3,068
Acute Urinary Tract Infections (UTI)	5,711	Acute Urinary Tract Infections (UTI)	4371
Intestinal Worms	2,124	Intestinal Worms	2,429
Typhoid Fever	2,960	Typhoid Fever	2,627

Afigya Kwabre District, 2022-2023

Family Planning

The coverage for family planning in the district has been increasing over the years. Total family planning acceptor rate has increased from 7,769 in 2019 to 12,065 in 2020. There was 55.3% (percentage) increase in the acceptance level between 2019 and 2020. It is good sign because birth control is the way to go for the nation.

Table 2:4 Family Planning Parameters

Parameter	2022	2023
Family planning acceptor rate	21.2	19.4
Total family planning acceptors	6,063	5,679
Total couple year protection	2,357.9	2,881

Education

The day-to-day administration of education in the district is discharged by the Ghana Education Service (GES) through the District Education Directorate. However, the District Assembly also offers support to the Directorate for the delivery of education as well as the provision of school infrastructure with the aim of making education accessible to all.

Table2.5: Educational Facilities in the District

No.	Level	No. of Facilities		
		Public	Private	Total
1	K. G.	41	96	137
2	Primary	44	96	140
3	Junior High School	54	40	94
4	Senior High School	1	1	2
5	Technical/Vocational	1	-	1
6	ICT	1	-	1
7	Library	-	-	-
	Total	142	233	375

Source: GES Afigya Kwabre, 2022/2023

The Table above shows a high access rate (i.e. 97%) to education in the District. There is also a high competition emanating from the private sector in terms of provision of education.

Teacher – Pupil Ratio - 24:1

Teacher –Students Ratio- 15:1

The ratios show that Teachers are available in the District. This is partly attributable to its closeness to Kumasi and many other urban centers.

Table 2.6: Percentage of School Going Population as Against the Unschool

Population	Percentage
Schooled	84%
Unschool	16%
TOTAL	100

Source: GES Afigya Kwabre, 2022/2023

From the Table above, it is clear that about 16% of children who are supposed to be in school are out of school. This is attributable to reasons like involvement in income generating activities and teenage pregnancy. Most of the young boys in the District work as drivers' mates in 'Trotro'.

Table 2.7: Schools Benefitting from the School-Feeding Programme

No	School	Enrolment in 2021/2022	No.	School	Enrolment in 2022/2023
1	Abrade D/A Primary	172	23	Tarbiyatu Islamic	87
2	Adubinso D/A Primary	401	24	Ejuratia Methodist Primary School	292
3	Aduman D/A Primary	488	25	Hemang-Buoho D/A Primary	718
4	Afrancho D/A Primary 'A'	561	26	Hemang Methodist Model School	427
5	Afrancho D/A Primary 'B'	659	27	Hemang RC Primary	393
6	Ankaase Methodist Prim.	273	28	Kodie Methodist Primary 'A'	390

7	Ankaase SDA Primary	259	29	Kodie Methodist Primary 'B'	639
8	Ankaase D/A Primary	338	30	Wawase RC Primary	516
9	Apagya Anglican Primary	418	31	Mpobi R/C Primary 'A'	322
10	Atimatim DA Primary 'A'	684	32	Mpobi R/C Primary 'B'	317
11	Atimatim DA Primary 'B'	280	33	Sasa D/A Primary	608
12	Atimatim DA Primary 'C'	563	34	Edwenase Meth Primary	330
13	Atimatim DA Primary 'D'	232	35	Nkukua Buoho R/C Primary	1195
14	Bronkronk D/A Primary	612	36	Oppong Agyare D/A Primary	324
15	Odumakyi D/A Primary	285	37	Krobo Model Primary	413
16	Eeman Islamic	214	38	Akrowa D/A Primary	366
17	Maase Brofoyedru R/C Prim	367	39	Swedru Meth Primary	244
18	AdumakaseKese Meth.Prim. A	428	40	Bomso DA Primary	350
19	Adumakase Kese Meth. Prim. B	367	41	Mowire DA Primary	375
20	Aboabogya Meth Primary	347	42	Akrofrom D/A Primary	529
21	Ebom/ Bomfa D/A Primary	427	43	Aduamoa D/A Primary	325
22	Ntri Buoho DA Primary KG	346	44	Amanfrom D/A Primary	398

Table 2.8: School enrolment and furniture situation based on circuits -

Circuit	No. of Kg. Sch.	Enrolment			No. Of Furniture Available			No. of Furniture Required		
		Boys	Girls	Total	Round Tables	Teachers Chairs	Teacher s Tables	Round Tables	Teacher s Chairs	Teacher Tables
Kodie	7	342	307	649	2	2	23	110	20	8
Buoho	4	245	224	469	16	11	10	62	6	0
Atimatim	1	140	141	281	9	15	10	43	12	9
Ankaase	6	382	307	689	5	11	10	108	14	5
Aboabogya	6	379	380	759	10	23	17	118	33	18

Afrancho	6	321	299	620	0	20	11	92	3	7
Hemang	5	175	145	320	5	13	9	67	12	7
Maase	6	211	218	429	0	4	4	44	9	5
Total	41	2195	2021	4216	47	117	94	644	109	59

KG Schools

- Market Centres

Afigya Kwabre South District has most of its market been daily market which supplies its communities mainly with plantain, cassava, cocoyam, rice, yam and maize. These markets bring a source of revenue and jobs for the market women.

- Water and Sanitation

Water and sanitation are key components that determine the health of a people. Even though the district has a lot in these sectors there are much more to be done. A lot more demands come from the communities in terms of water and sanitation facilities.

The district has one hundred and ninety-two (192) functional boreholes, two (2) limited mechanized boreholes and one (1) Small Town Water System. The overall water coverage of the district is eighty (80) percent. Very few communities in the district have access to water from Ghana Water Company. Most of the communities rely on public and private boreholes for their water needs.

There are twenty-two (22) communal dumping sites in the district but there is no final disposal site. There are two thousand three hundred and fifty-three (2,353) household toilets, one hundred and thirteen (113) institutional toilets and forty-four (44) public toilets.

The District Assembly concentrate on provision of institutional toilet facilities to the public schools and leave the provision of communal public toilet facilities to public-private-partnership arrangement. The Environmental Health Unit and the building inspectorate units should make sure that at least all new building projects either residential or commercial should have toilet facilities before they are occupied. This will help reduce reliance on public toilet facilities. The management of solid waste in the district is faced with a lot of challenges. Almost every community in the district has an issue with the operations of the Zoom Lion Company. Both household bins and communal skip containers get full and are not collected for several weeks. The assembly should either acquire its own final disposal site or liaise with neighboring districts to acquire a common final disposal site to aid in the management of solid waste in the district.

- Tourism

The district can boast of natural environment ranging from forest reserves with rich species of flora and fauna to vast arable land that can support the production of both staple and cash crops.

The district also has a number of undeveloped tourist sites. These include Wawase Sacred Forest

Wawase Sacred Forest, locally called Mpaninfoo Kwaemu is the forest where the Golden Stool of the Asante Kingdom was briefly kept and hidden when the British attempted to seize the Golden Stool from the Ashantis.

The exact place where the Golden Stool was hidden is considered sacred. Thus, the elders on every 'Akwasidae or awukudae' go to perform rituals and pour libations. The District Assembly believes that developing this sacred place into a tourist site will essentially attract people to the District, boost the local economy and contribute to revenue generation in the District. The place had never been affected by any human activity.

River Awuku

River Awuku is found in Heman in the North-East part of Afigya Kwabre South District. The River is considered sacred thus the people are not allowed to do fishing in the river.

The river is believed to protect the people from spiritual calamities. One could see the fishes swim with gaiety in the river when fed with bread trying to catch the attention of tourist by coming very close for food. It is indeed an amazing sight to behold and when well developed in the District it will improve tourism in the District and contribute to revenue mobilization.

Aminaa Virgin Forest

The Aminaa Virgin Forest is located in Heman near Ankaase in the Afigya Kwabre South District. The 'Aminaa' as is called by natives is a huge expanse of green lush tropical rain forest which had never been farmed or encroached by human activities. According to history, it is the abode of a powerful deity and has served as the spiritual leader of the chiefs and people of the Heman community for centuries.

In the heart of the forest is also the "Aminaa" River which is said to possess healing properties for some ailments especially infertility.

Construction of Museum

The chief of Heman has started the construction of a museum in the Heman community.

The project which is on-going consists of chalets with a resemblance of traditional shrine houses. The museum upon completion will contain artifacts of historical significance of predecessor chiefs and queen mothers of the Heman Traditional Area.

Suntre Kwabena Miracle River

Then Suntre Kwabena Miracle River is located in Aboabogya in the District. It's one of a kind and harvesting of fishes is not allowed. Pictures of the river cannot be taken because there is no image captured whenever one takes a picture of the river.

The river is described as a miracle river because it is believed that when certain rituals are performed by the priest, water from the river when fetched and put on fire at the highest degree of hotness, it will never get hot or boiled. It has the potential of being developed into a tourist site that will help contribute to revenue of the District.

Rocky Hill/ Mountain (Ebuo-Nkabem)

Afigya Kwabre South District has a number of mountainous rocks which could be converted into a tourist site. The landscape is a dissected plateau with heights reaching 800m to 1200m above sea level. The plateau forms part of the Mampong – Gambaga scarp. The top of the rocky hill gives a panoramic view of the city of Kumasi and its environs as well as the Barekese dam.

Therefore, this unique location warrants a fixed Telescope or Binoculars which is an unsurpassed instrument for education and entertainment and it will afford tourist the unique experience of a bird's eye view of the second largest city in Ghana (Kumasi). Tourist will better appreciate the skyline and layout of this culturally rich city.

- Environment

Climate

The Afigya-Kwabre South District is located in the semi-deciduous forest zone. The zone is characterized by relatively high rainfall (about 1400mm per annum with a bimodal pattern). The major rainy season occurs between March and mid-July with a peak in May /June. There is a dry spell from mid-July to mid-August.

The original vegetation is forest and this has largely been degraded by lumbering, expansion of settlements and farming. Crops cultivated in the district include, cocoa, oil palm, citrus, avocado pear, plantain, maize, cassava, cocoyam, cowpea, vegetables etc.

The landscape is a dissected plateau and generally undulating with heights reaching 244m to 1,200m above sea level. Besides the river valleys, there are very few waterlog areas which support the growth of deep rooted crops/plants.

The District has two geological formations, namely Voltaian and Dahomeyan. The Voltaian formation consists of shale, sandstone, mudstone and lime-stone. The Dahomeyan formation consists of metamorphic rocks such as gneiss and schist.

The mass presence of granite rock in the district supports the quarry industry. This will continue to be a major source of employment and income and so the citizenry must be encouraged to take advantage of the potential.

The natural environment of the district is gradually losing its purity and importance due to the increase in population and its attendant problems such as sand winning and real estate and its effects on the environment.

Vegetation

The original forest vegetation has largely been degraded by lumbering activities, expansion of settlements and farming. The closed forest consisted of a continuous canopy of tall and medium – height trees with little or no undergrowth no longer exists. The area now largely consists of farm patches with isolated stands of individual trees or small areas of tree-clusters as shown in Plate 1. Crops cultivated in the district include, cocoa, oil palm, citrus, avocado pear, coffee, plantain, maize, cassava, cocoyam, cowpea, vegetables etc.

Forest vegetation



Plate 1

Relief and Drainage

The landscape is a dissected plateau with heights reaching 244m to 366m above sea level. The plateau forms part of the Mampong-Gambaga scarp. The landscape is predominantly undulating resulting in erosion along the slopes.

The relief in the district is generally undulating with altitude ranging from 244-304m. Isolated hills around Buoho also have altitudes up to 304m. The undulating nature of the relief of the district makes flow of water easy. Besides the river valleys, there are very few waterlog areas. This again supports the growth of deep rooted crops/plants. The high points serve as observations for people who enjoy sceneries as shown in plate 1 below.

Rock out-crop at Buoho



Plate 2

Soils and Geological Formation

The District has two geological formations, namely Voltaian and Dahomeyan. The Voltaian formation consists of shale, sandstone, mudstone and limestone. The Dahomeyan formation consists of metamorphic rocks such as gneiss and schist.

The mass presence of granite rock in the district supports the quarry industry. This will continue to be a major source of employment and income and so the citizenry must be encouraged to take advantage of the potential.

The soils of Afigya Kwabre South District developed over granite, Lower Birimian phylite and coarse-grained Voltaian Sandstone. Soil associations or mapping units over each of these parent materials are as follows:

1. Soils developed over granite and associated rocks

Kumasi – Offin Compound Association, Bomso – Offin Compound Association and Nyanao–Opimo Association

2. Soils developed over Voltaian rocks (sandstone)

Bekwai–Oda Compound Association

3. Soils developed over lower Birimian rocks

The soil types consist of Kumasi-Offin Compound Association, Bomso-Offin Association, Jamasi Simple Association, Bediesi-Sutawa Association and Yaya-Primpimson Association.

The Kumasi-Offin Compound Soil is good for tree crops such as citrus, cocoa, coffee and oil palm. They are also good for food crops like, cocoyam, plantain, cassava and yam.

The Bediesi-Sutawa Association has high water holding capacity and is suitable for mechanized agriculture. They support crops like maize, yam, legumes, cassava, plantain and groundnuts.

The soils are very rich and good for agricultural purposes. The district has been a major source of food supply and cocoa, which still has a bright future. The soils have textured surface horizons in which sandy-loams are common. The lower horizons have slightly heavier textures while the valley bottoms are clayey textured. Generally, the district has good soils for agricultural development. Over 90% of the soils developed from granite except a small area to the north- east and southwest where they developed over sandstone and lower Birimian Phylite respectively.

The top soils are mainly sandy loams and so are susceptible to erosion. Preventive measures are important in the cultivation of the soils. Practices such as cover cropping, mulching, avoidance of burning etc., to protect the topsoil are very useful. The rocky hills of the Nyanao –Opimo association around Buoho is important with quarries established in the area. The rocky hills and outcrops around Ntiri-Buoho, Nkukua-Buoho and Afrancho, constitutes a potential for investment and employment creation in view of the growing residential development in and out of the district as well as for road construction.

Conditions of the Natural Environment

The natural environment of the district, which used to be one of the purest in the region, is gradually losing its purity and importance. This is attributable to the increase in population and its attendant problems and effects on the environment. The district can boast of natural environment ranging from forest reserves with rich species of flora and fauna to vast arable land that can support the production of both staple and cash crops.

Degraded Forest



Plate 3

The district also has a number of undeveloped tourist sites. These include the Grotto at Buoho, Buoho rock outcrops etc.

Human activities have changed the natural environment drastically. Indiscriminate felling of trees for timber and fuel wood, continuous cultivation and incidents of bush burning which has become ritualized have left very little of the original forest mostly found along river courses. With the current population density of over 332.5 persons per square kilometer and increasing demand for land for residential purposes, available land for agriculture has reduced and the natural vegetation depleted.

Key Issues/Challenges

- Poor feeder roads network
- Inadequate Senior High Schools
- Dilapidated Area Council Offices
- High unskilled youth Labour force
- High youth unemployment
- High teenage pregnancy rate
- No final refuse disposal site
- High TB Cases
- Administrative boundary disputes
- Irregular flow of funds for development projects
- Inadequate residential and office accommodation for staff
- Inadequate Security Personnel and high rate of robbery
- Destruction of farmlands due to sand winning activities

Key Achievements in 2023

- Constructed Phase 1 of 3-storey polyclinic at Atimatim (Completed)
- 3-storey Clinic at Wioso constructed (Plastering)
- Area council payment point constructed (Finishing)
- Renovated skills training center at Kodie (Finishing)
- Completed 2No. Area councils (Finishing)
- Constructed 20 seater WC and urinal at Aduman Senior High (Finishing)
- Renovated a Classroom block at Krobo(Roofing)
- Constructed 1No. 2unit K.G block with ancillary facilities at Apagya (Completed)
- Constructed 1No. 9unit classroom block at Afrancho (Substructure)
- Mock exams sponsored by Assembly Quarry Fund

CONSTRUCTION OF 1NO. 2UNIT KG BLOCK AT APAGYA



CONSTRUCTION OF 1NO. 3STOREY POLY CLINIC AT ATIMATIM



CONSTRUCTION OF 20 SEATER TOILET AT ADUMAN SHS



CONSTRUCTION OF EXECUTIVE LOUNGE AT DCE RESIDENCE



RENOVATION OF 1NO. 6-UNIT CLASSROOM BLOCK KROBO



THREE DAY MEGA SKILLS TRAINING FOR PWD'S



ABOABOGYA CLASSROOM BLOCK

AFRANCHO CLASSROOM BLOCK

Revenue and Expenditure Performance

The revenue and expenditure performance of the Assembly for the financial years 2021, 2022 and as at August, 2023 are presented as follows;

Revenue

Table 1: Revenue Performance – IGF Only							
ITEM	2021		2022		2023		
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual as at August	% performance as at August
Property Rate	300,000.00	130,645.00	480,000.00	259,703.00	526,791.99	301,715.00	17.7
Basic Rate	500.00	0.00	500.00	0.00	500.00	0.00	0
Fees	205,500.00	59,566.80	267,000.00	122,875.00	582,000.00	142,251.37	8.35
Fines	8,000.00	5,000.00	11,000.00	26,269.00	81,705.19	6,320.00	0.37
Licenses	4,791,322.41	2,086,159.10	4,614,410.00	854,247.08	1,565,800.00	571,591.78	33.6
Land	120000	19600	480,696.80	327,281.69	1070,000.00	677,390.29	35.4
Rent	6,000.00	1,300.00	14,400.00	25,481.00	144,000.00	3,800.00	0.22
Investment	45,000.00	3,000.00	56,000.00	5,040.00	50,000.00	0.00	0
Total	5,406,322.41	2,285,670.90	5,854,006.80	1,599,896.77	3,920,797.18	1,628,968.44	95.7

Out of the total annual IGF revenue target of GH¢4,020,797.18, an amount of GH¢1,703,068.44 was realized as at August, representing 42.36% of the annual target. Collections from lands and licenses contributed the most to the IGF revenue mobilized over the period. A series of activities including revenue mop up exercises and public education on tax payment, are being organized by the Assembly to ensure that the revenue target is met by close of year

Table 2: Revenue Performance – All Revenue Sources

Table 2: Revenue Performance – All Revenue Sources							
	2021		2022		2023		
ITEM	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual as at August	% performance as at August
IGF	5,476,822.41	2,326,060.90	5,924,006.80	1,620,896.77	4,020,797.18	1,703,068.44	42.36
Compensation of Employee	3,079,813.91	2,255,214.99	3,315,100.80	2,790,002.88	6,144,364.56	4,193,471.65	68.25
Goods and Services Transfer	110,996.34	58,451.63	122,850.00	4,807.28	56,000.00	25,746.80	45.98
Assets Transfer	0.00	0.00	25,180.00	0.00	22,309.00	0.00	0.00
DACF	6,492,417.09	153,982.28	7,101,845.89	1103714.76	7,811,265.35	1,039,275.63	13.30
DACF-RFG	1,842,355.36	1,429,596.00	1,587,844.50	264,828.65	777,919.00	0.00	0
MAG	87,064.00	75,985.05	36,397.47	19,530.37	32,294.33	32,294.33	100
Other Transfers (specify) GESPP	60,000.00	42,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
UNICEF	80,000.00	40,116.51	35,000.00	49,173.02	35,000.00	17,500.00	50
Global Disability Summit Commitment	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	75,000.00	0.00	0.00
Total	17,229,469.11	6,391,407.36	18,148,225.67	5,852,953.73	18,974,949.44	7,011,356.85	36.95

The total composite revenue target for the year was GH¢**18,974,949.44**. Out of this target the Assembly has been able to receive 36.95% (GH¢**7,011,356.85**) The irregular flow of inter-governmental funds such as the DACF, DACF-RFG, Asset Transfer and transfers to decentralized departments of the Assembly all contributed to the low levels of revenue received for the period. UNICEF and MAG donor funded projects however received 50% and 100% of their allocated funds respectively.

Expenditure

Table 3: Expenditure Performance-All Sources

Table 3: Expenditure Performance-All Sources							
	2021		2022		2023		
Expenditure	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual as at August	% age Performance as at August
Compensation of Employees	3,342,546.32	2,363,469.19	3,973,028.64	2,955,455.92	6,583,841.74	4,397,388.75	66.79
Goods and Services	8,344,957.00	2,433,672.43	7,344,474.51	1,930,351.30	6,994,473.23	1,866,158.70	26.68
Assets	5,541,966.00	1,048,734.30	4,842,174.78	712,152.68	5,396,634.47	386,339.33	7.16
Total	17,229,469.32	6,391,407.32	16,159,677.93	5,597,959.90	18,974,949.44	7,011,356.85	36.95

Out of the annual budget of GH¢18,974,949.44, an amount of GH¢7,011,356.85 was spent as at August representing 36.95%. Out of the Budgeted Compensation amount of GH¢6,583,841.74 an amount of, GH¢4,397,388.75 was used on Staff Salaries (IGF and GOG) representing 66.79%, GH¢1,866,158.70 was spent on Goods and Services representing 26.68% and GH¢386,339.33 was spent on Assets representing 7.16%.

Adopted Medium Term National Development Policy Framework (MTNDPF) Policy Objectives

- Implement appropriate social Protection system & measures
- Ensure that PWDs enjoy all the benefits of Ghanaian citizens
- Double agricultural productivity & incomes of small-scale food producers for value addition
- End hunger and ensure access to sufficient food
- End epidemics AIDS, TB, malaria and trop Disease by 2030
- Achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene
- Achieve universal and equitable access to water
- Ensure free, equitable and quality education for all by 2030
- Increase access of SMEs to financial services
- Devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism
- Improve efficiency & effectiveness of road transport infrastructure & services
- Enhance inclusive urbanization & capacity for settlement planning
- Reduce vulnerability to climate-related events and disasters
- Deepen political and administrative decentralization
- Improve decentralized planning
- Strengthen local resource mobilization

Policy Outcome Indicators and Targets

Table 4: Policy Outcome Indicators and Targets

Outcome Indicator Description	Unit of Measure	Baseline 2021		Past Year 2022		Latest Status 2023		Medium Term Target			
		Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual as at August	2024	2025	2026	2027
Improved access to health service delivery	Number of health facilities under construction	2	2	2	0	2	2	2	2	2	2
Structure plans approved	Number of plans approved	4	3	4	4	4	3	5	5	5	5
Hybrid nurseries distributed	Number of hybrid nurseries distributed (coconut)	10,000	5,000	10,000	5,000	10,000	6,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000

Revenue Mobilization Strategies

Key Revenue Source

The Assembly's performance in local revenue mobilization has been dropping over the years. The Assembly did not meet most of the revenue targets, especially during the period under review.

The low performance in revenue mobilization is attributable factors including:

- a. Inadequate reliable data base on revenue items and activities in the district.
- b. Over reliance on traditional sources of internally generated fund (not widening the tax net)
- c. Inadequate logistics to support mobilization of internally generated revenue
- d. Inadequate capacity of revenue staff
- e. Lack of enforcement of Assembly Bye – Laws to enforce revenue mobilization
- f. Lack of motivation for revenue staff
- g. Inadequate supervision and monitoring of revenue collection.

Strategies for Internally Generated Revenue

The under listed strategies will be vigorously pursued by the Assembly in 2024 and beyond to improve internal revenue mobilization. Key amongst them are the following:

- Setting revenue targets for all five (5) zonal councils
- Institute punitive measures for non-performing Revenue Collectors (salary embargo)
- Establishment of a credible revenue database for realistic and efficient budgeting
- Reactivation of revenue taskforce and prosecution of tax defaulters
- Instituting an award scheme to reward outstanding Revenue Collectors
- Task the Information Department to embark on rigorous routine tax education
- Strengthen existing revenue barriers and construct new ones
- Procurement of Revenue Software
- Enforce payment of rent (Assembly bungalows and stalls)
- Carry out public education on the need to acquire permit before project development

PART B: BUDGET PROGRAMME/SUB-PROGRAMME SUMMARY

PROGRAMME 1: MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

Budget Programme Objectives

- To conduct the overall management of the Assembly
- To provide appropriate administrative support services to the other programmes
- To ensure effective implementation of decentralization policies

Budget Programme Description

The Management and Administration program seeks to perform the core functions of ensuring good governance and balanced development of the entire district through coordination and formulation of developmental plans and budgets. The programme also handles internal auditing, general procurement, monitoring, evaluation, and revenue mobilization for the delivery of goods and services within the district.

The Central Administration consisting the Planning, Budget, Human Resource Department, Procurement and Audit Units and in collaboration with the General Assembly and the Finance Department will deliver the programme.

The program has five (5) sub-programs namely: General Administration, Finance and Audit, Human Resource Management, Planning Budgeting Coordination and Statistics, Legislative Oversight with key operations to:

- Co-ordinate, monitor and evaluate the efficiency and effectiveness of the performance of the decentralised departments
- Initiate and prepare strategic development plans considering the needs and aspirations of the people
- Prepare annual composite and supplementary budgets for the Assembly on the basis of the strategic plan
- Mobilize revenue
- Undertake manpower skills development
- Undertake general procurement and contracting
- Undertake internal and external auditing

Central Government Transfers (GOG), Internally Generated Funds (IGF), District Assemblies Common Fund (DACF) and Responsive Factor Grants (RFG) will fund the programme. Beneficiaries will include the Departments and Units of the District Assembly, Agencies, Regional Coordinating Council, Development Partners and the General Public.

Total staff strength to deliver the programme 88, which consists of; 17 on IGF payroll, 63 on Assembly's GOG payroll and 8 on Controller and Accountant General's Department (GOG) payroll.

The main challenge faced in the delivery of this programme is the weak collaboration among key stakeholders in the execution of government policies. Again, the untimely release of funds to implement planned operations and projects also poses a great challenge to the effective delivery of the programme.

SUB-PROGRAMME 1.1 General Administration

Budget Sub-Programme Objective

- To effectively coordinate the activities of the departments of the Assembly
- To ensure implementation of government policies
- To provide conducive working environment for assembly workers

Budget Sub- Programme Description

The sub-programme seeks to coordinate and provide administrative support to the various departments and units within the Assembly. It also provides general information and direction for the delivery of operations aimed at effective and efficient running of the Assembly.

The main operations delivered by the sub-programme are to:

- Receive and forward communications from Central Government and other government agencies to the Departments and Units for the effective implementation of government policies
- Audit financial transactions and respond to internal and external audit queries

- Prepare and submit quarterly and annual administrative reports on behalf of the Departments
- Undertake procurement and contracting
- Provide general services such as internal Management of the organization, procurement of office supplies and consumables, acquisition of movables and immovable assets, organizing administrative and technical meetings etc.

The sub-programme will be funded from GOG, DACF, DDF and IGF sources and beneficiaries will be the Departments of the Assembly, Regional Coordinating Council, Development Partners and the General Public.

The outfits responsible for the delivery of the sub-programme are the Central Administration, Internal Audit and Procurement Unit of the Assembly with total staff strength of sixty-four (64); Seventeen (17) on IGF payroll and One Hundred and Forty-six (47) on Assembly's (GOG) payroll.

The main challenge faced in the delivery of the sub-programme is the lack of financial resources and low capacity level of the junior staff.

Table 5: Budget Sub-Programme Results Statement

Main Outputs	Output Indicators	Past Years		Projections			
		2022	2023 as at Aug.	2024	2025	2026	2027
Management meetings organized	Number of management meetings held	4	3	4	4	4	4
Town hall/stakeholders meeting organized	Number of town hall stakeholder meetings held	4	4	4	4	4	4
Reports prepared and submitted	Quarterly and annual composite administrative reports prepared and submitted	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Quarterly internal audit report prepared	Number of quarterly internal audit report prepared	3	4	4	4	4	4
Composite budget prepared and submitted	Annual composite budgets prepared and approved by	30th Sept	30th Sept	30th Sept	30th Sept	30th Sept	30th Sept

Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects

Table 6: Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects

Standardized Operations	Standardized Projects
Internal Management of the Organisation	Procurement of office equipment
Administrative and technical meetings	Procure 1No.plant for the assembly
Protocol services	
Legislative enactment and oversight	
Security management	
Maintenance, rehabilitation, refurbishment and upgrading of existing assets	

SUB-PROGRAMME 1.2 Finance and Revenue Mobilization

Budget Sub-Programme Objective

- To ensure effective and efficient revenue mobilization
- To ensure prudent financial management
- To ensure timely disbursement of funds and submission of financial reports

Budget Sub- Programme Description

This sub- programme oversees the revenue mobilization and management functions of the Assembly as well as taking charge of all other financial transactions emanating from the Assembly. It comprises of two units namely, the Accounts and Treasury, with each performing specific roles in delivering outputs for the sub-programme.

The Accounts unit is responsible for revenue mobilization, records and disbursement of funds. The unit is also responsible for the preparation of monthly and annual financial statements of the Assembly. The Treasury unit on the other hand sees to the payment of liabilities within the Assembly and ensures that all supporting documents of payment vouchers are duly prepared and attached before payments are effected

Funding for the sub-programme will be from GOG and IGF sources. Beneficiaries of the sub-programme include; staff of the Assembly, Assembly Members, Contractors, Suppliers, Controller and Accountant General's Department, Regional Coordinating Council and Development Partners.

Total number of staff to deliver the sub-programme is 35 of which 7 are Controller and Accountant General's Department staff, 8 GOG revenue collectors and 20 commission collectors.

The main challenges in carrying out this sub-programme are unavailability of revenue data, revenue leakages, high default rate and low capacity of Revenue Collectors.

Table 7: Budget Sub-Programme Results Statement

Main Outputs	Output Indicators	Past Years		Projections			
		2022	2023 as at Aug.	2024	2025	2026	2027
IGF collection Improved	% change in total IGF over previous year	-30.32%	5.07%	20%	25%	30%	35%
IGF collection Improved	% of actual IGF performance against budgeted amount	27.36%	42%	70%	85%	90%	95%
IGF expenditure controlled	% of actual IGF expenditure against budgeted expenditure	26.33%	39.83 %	80%	85%	90%	95%
Financial reports prepared and submitted	Number of monthly of financial reports prepared and submitted	12	7	12	12	12	12
Financial reports prepared and submitted	Number of annual accounts prepared and submitted	1	n/a	1	1	1	1

Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects

Table 8: Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects

Standardized Operations	Standardized Projects
Treasury and accounting activities	
Revenue collection and management	
Internal management of the organization	

SUB-PROGRAMME 1.3 Human Resource Management

Budget Sub-Programme Objective

- To achieve institutional performance goals that are linked to the individual and team performance objectives, as the basis for measuring performance results and merit.
- To provide Human Resource Planning and Development of the Assembly.
- To develop capacity of staff to deliver quality services.

Budget Sub- Programme Description

The Human Resource Management Department seeks to improve the departments, division and unit's decision making and build capacity of the manpower which will ultimately improve the workforce and organizational effectiveness. In carrying out this sub-programme it is expected that productivity would be enhanced at the Assembly as well as decision making in the management of Human Resource.

Major services and operations delivered by the sub-program include human resource auditing, performance management, service delivery improvement, upgrading and promotion of staff. It also includes Human Resource Management Information System which ensures frequent update of staff records through electronic means, guaranteeing efficient and good salary administration, facilitation of recruitment and selection as well as postings of competent staff to fill available vacancies at the district.

Under this programme, two (2) staff will carry out the implementation of the sub-programme with main funding from GoG transfer, Internally Generated Fund as well as the Common Fund. Operations of the Human Resource Management is challenged with inadequate office space and logistics. The sub-programme would be beneficial to staff of the Assembly, office of the Head of Local Government Service and the general public.

Table 9: Budget Sub-Programme Results Statement

The table indicates the main outputs, its indicators and project by which the District Assembly's measure the performance of this sub-programme. The past data indicates actual performance whilst the projections are the Assembly's estimate of future performance.

Main Outputs	Output Indicators	Past Years		Projections			
		2022	2023 as at Aug.	2024	2025	2026	2027
Appraisal staff annually	Number of staff appraisal conducted	139	144	146	155	160	160
Human Resource Management Information System (HRMIS) administered	Number of updates submitted	12	8	12	12	12	12
Human Resource Management Information System (HRMIS) administered	Number of ESPV validated	12	8	12	12	12	12
Capacity building plan prepared and implemented	Composite training plan approved by	31 st Dec.	18 th - Jan.	31 st Dec.	31 st Dec.	31 st Dec.	31 st Dec.
Capacity building plan prepared and implemented	Number of training workshop held	4	0	5	7	5	5

Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects

Table 10: Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects

Standardized Operations	Standardized Projects
Personnel and staff management	
Manpower and skills development	

SUB-PROGRAMME 1.4 Planning, Budgeting, Coordination and Statistics

Budget Sub-Programme Objective

- To co-ordinate the preparation and implementation of departmental plans and budget to ensure effective and efficient service delivery
- To ensure value for money for all operations and projects of the Assembly through effective monitoring and evaluation
- To participate in surveys and censuses and any other relevant field work.

Budget Sub- Programme Description

The sub programme functions as secretariat to the District planning and coordinating unit (DPCU). It seeks to ensure the coordination and harmonization of departmental plans and budgets aimed at achieving the national policy objectives contained in the Agenda for Jobs Policies (CP 2017-2021). Statistics on the other run see to the day to day management of the department's database involves collecting, storing, organizing, protecting, verifying, and processing essential data and making it available for the district's usage.

It also provides data for monitoring and evaluation as well as for reporting thereby ensuring value for money on all operations and projects of the Assembly and simply require the procedure of systematically calculating, acquiring and recording information about the members and or of structures of a given population or area in the district.

The sub-programme mainly deals with:

- Preparation of Assembly's Medium Term Development Plan (MTDP), Annual Action Plan (AAP), Annual Composite and Supplementary Budgets
- Coordinate the monitoring and evaluation of Assembly's projects
- Preparation of quarterly budget performance and progress reports
- Participating in censuses and other relevant field work

Funding for the sub-programme will be from the GOG, DDF, DACF and IGF sources. Beneficiaries of the sub-programme will be the Departments of the Assembly, Regional Coordinating Council, National Development Planning Commission (NDPC), Ministry of Finance, Development Partners and the General Public.

The organizational units responsible for delivering the sub-programme are the planning, statistics and budget units, with total strength of 14, all on Assembly (GOG) payroll.

The main challenge faced in delivering the sub-programme is the inadequate staff within the statistics unit.

Table 11: Budget Sub-Programme Results Statement

Main Outputs	Output Indicators	Past Years		Projections			
		2021	2022 as at Aug.	2023	2024	2025	2026
MTDP prepared	Medium Term Development Plan prepared and submitted	N/A	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	N/A
AAP prepared	Annual Action Plan prepared by	Aug.	Aug.	Aug.	Aug.	Aug.	Aug.
RIAP prepared	Revenue improvement action plan prepared by	Sep.	Sep.	Sep.	Sep.	Sep.	Sep.
PBB prepared	Annual composite and revised budgets prepared	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Monitoring and evaluation conducted	Number of monitoring visits undertaken	4	2	4	4	4	4
monitoring reports prepared	Number of monitoring reports prepared	4	2	4	4	4	4
budget committee meeting organized	Number of budget committee meeting held	6	5	4	4	4	4
DPCU meetings held	Number of DPCU meetings held	1	1	4	4	4	4

Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects

Table 12: Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects

Standardized Operations	Standardized Projects
Plan and budget preparation	
Monitoring and evaluation of programs and projects	

SUB-PROGRAMME 1.5 Legislative Oversight

Budget Sub-Programme Objective

- To build effective, efficient and dynamic institutions of the Assembly

Budget Sub- Programme Description

The sub-programme generally performs legislative oversight responsibilities within the jurisdiction of the district, i.e. enacting byelaws for the effective running of the Assembly.

It also serves as the approval authority of all the Assembly's contractual arrangements with other entities and institutions. Again, the sub-programme seeks to manage and improve service delivery, accountability and responsiveness of the Assembly as well as citizens of the district.

Further, the sub-programme seeks to perform oversight responsibilities on the functions of Assembly's Managers as well as ensuring that communities within the district have enough socio-economic infrastructure to sustain growth and development of the entire district, as well as ensuring that, the Assembly's representational function speaks to the needs of the people within the district. Thirty-Seven (37)- (both elected and appointed)

Assembly Members including one (1) District Chief Executive will deliver the sub-programme. The beneficiaries of this programme are the people within and outside the district, Staff of the Assembly, Development Partners, Regional Coordinating Council and the Central Government. The DDF, DACF, Donor Funds and IGF sources will finance the sub-programme.

The main challenge faced in the delivery of the sub-programme is inadequate office space and personnel.

Table 13: Budget Sub-Programme Results Statement

Main Outputs	Output Indicators	Past Years		Projections			
		2022	2023 as at August	2024	2025	2026	2027
Assembly meeting organized	Number of ordinary assembly meeting held	4	2	4	4	4	4
Executive committee meeting organized	Number of executive committee meeting organized	4	2	4	4	4	4

Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects

Table 14: Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects

Standardized Operations	Standardized Projects
Legislative enactment and oversight	

PROGRAMME 2: SOCIAL SERVICES DELIVERY

Budget Programme Objectives

- To expand the provision of basic social infrastructure and improve service delivery

Budget Programme Description

The Social Services Delivery programme is focuses mainly on providing social protection for the poor and vulnerable in society, making education accessible to all and bringing health delivery to the doorstep of the people.

It also deals the provision of health and educational infrastructure as well as bridging the 'yawning gap' between the rural and urban areas in terms of access to basic social infrastructure and services. The Departments of Education, Youth and Sports, Health and Social Welfare and Community Development and the Environmental Unit will deliver the programme with key operations to undertaking the following:

- Providing educational infrastructure and services delivery
- Providing health infrastructure and services delivery
- Tackling sanitation and waste management issues
- Implementing pro-poor policies (LEAP and PWD)

Funding will come from GOG, DDF, DACF, Donor, UNICEF and IGF sources. Beneficiaries include; Development Partners, Ministries of Health, Education, Local Government and Rural Development, Gender and Social Protection, Local Government Service and the general public.

Total staff strength to deliver the programme is 2,057. 1,472 on Education's GOG payroll. 585 and 9 on Ghana Health Services' GOG and IGF payroll respectively.

The main challenge is the non-release of GOG funds for the departments to run their office and the delay in release of other funds (DACF and DDF)

SUB-PROGRAMME 2.1 Education, Youth and Sports Services

Budget Sub-Programme Objective

- To empower and actively involve the youth in productive activities for individual and national development
- To increase inclusive and equitable access to educations at all levels
- To improve management of education service delivery

Budget Sub- Programme Description

The Sub-Programme seeks to perform the core functions of the Ministry of Education, Youth and Sports in delivering quality and affordable education to the people of Afigya Kwabre South.

The Sub-Programme is responsible for the implementation of pre-tertiary educational policies of the government. It ensure that all children within the district of school going age, irrespective of tribe, gender, religious and political affiliations are provided with equal children within the district of school going age, irrespective of tribe, gender, religious and political affiliations are provided with equal access to quality education and training through the provision of school infrastructure, financial assistance to needy students, quality teaching and learning materials and entrepreneurship training to the youth. The sub-programme also seeks to implement the youth policies of the government as well as sports development in order to empower the youth to contribute positively to national development.

The Ministry of Education through the educational directorate in Afigya-Kwabre South will deliver the sub-programme. Funding for sub-programme will be from GOG, DACF, and IGF source with total staff strength of One Thousand four Hundred and seventy-Two (1,472) all on the Ministry of Education's GOG payroll. Beneficiaries will include the Assembly, Ministry of Education, Ghana Education Service and the public.

The major challenge faced in the delivery of the sub-programme is encroachment of school lands, untimely release of capitation grant, unfair formula used in the distribution of capitation grant, which eventually impoverishes the less endowed schools in the district and Non-release of GOG funds for the directorate to execute its core functions.

Table 15: Budget Sub-Programme Results Statement

Main Outputs	Output Indicators		Past Years		Projections			
			2022	2023 as at August	2024	2025	2026	2027
Gross enrollment increased	Gross enrolment rate per level	KG	92.5	55.3	61.7	63.8	68.2	87.10
		PRIMARY	96.7	64.6	74.3	79.91	86.2	92.1
		JHS	95.6	43.3	53.1	56.2	61.7	79.91
		SHS	78.3	40.3	50.01	52.10	57.30	70.05
Gender parity index enhanced	Gender parity index per level	KG	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
		PRIMARY	1.01	1.03	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
		JHS	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
		SHS	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
School inspection visits carried out	Number of schools visited for inspection		82	78	98	98	98	98
	Frequency of school visits		4	3	4	4	5	6
Quarterly DEOC meeting organized	Number of meetings organized		4	3	4	4	4	5
School blocks constructed	Number of school blocks under construction		0	7	9	10	10	10
	Number of school blocks completed		1	0	0	0	0	0

Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects

Table 16: Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects

Standardized Operations	Standardized Projects
Development of youth, sports and culture	Construction of 6-Unit Classroom Block at Nkukua Buoho
Gender related activities	Renovation of classroom blocks district wide
Internal management of Organization	Completion of 1No.9Unit Classroom Block at Afrancho
Support Teaching and Learning Delivery	Completion of 1No. 2-Unit KG. Block at Apagya
	Renovation of Classroom Block at Krobo
	Construction and furnishing of Administration block at Ejuratia Senior High
	Construction of 20-seater WC toilet at Ejuratia Senior High

SUB-PROGRAMME 2.2 Public Health Services and Management

Budget Sub-Programme Objective

- To achieve a healthy population that can contribute to socio-economic development of the district and Ghana as a whole.

Budget Sub- Programme Description

This would be carried out through provision and prudently managing comprehensive and accessible health services with special emphasis on Primary Health Care (PHC) through CHPS concept. The sub-programme is to implement policies formulated by MoH/GHS. The sub-programme seeks to:

- Ensure construction of CHPS compounds to bridge the equity gap in geographical access;
- Assist in operation and maintenance of all health facilities in the district;
- Undertake health promotion activities to promote healthy lifestyles;
- Improve prevention, detection and case management of communicable and non-communicable diseases (e.g. HIV/AIDS, TB, malaria, Hypertension, Diabetes, Cholera, polio, meningitis, onchocerciasis and other neglected tropical diseases) at the community level.
- Support low performing sub districts to improve EPI coverage
- Strengthen supportive supervision and monitoring
- Active disease surveillance activities in the district
- Build capacity of health staffs and Community Health Workers/Volunteers in disease surveillance
- Intensify Family Planning outreach services
- Strengthen adolescent health programmes to prevent and reduce teenage pregnancies
- Strengthen community engagement and to improve volunteerism

The department will also work assiduously to sustain and improve the gains made the previous year. Funds to undertake the sub-programme include GoG, DACF, DDF, IGF and other donors (WB, Global fund, UNICEF, USAID, etc.). Community members are the main beneficiaries of these interventions and also development partners, the Assembly, MoH, GHS etc.

The District Health Directorate in collaboration with other departments and donors would be responsible for this sub-programme. The department has a staff strength of 585 on government payroll whereas 9 are paid from the IGF.

Challenges in implementing the sub-programme includes;

- Inadequate operational space for Afrancho Polyclinic hospital
- Lack of accommodation for district health administration staff and critical staff
- Sub-optimal level of community involvement in health delivery and voluntarism – CHPS implementation
- Delays in re-imburement of NHIS to health facilities
- Inadequate motorbikes for community outreach services
- High teenage pregnancy in some communities
- Lack of Physician residential accommodation for Afrancho Polyclinic and Atimatim Health Centers

Table 17: Budget Sub-Programme Results Statement

Main Outputs	Output Indicators	Past Years		Projections			
		2022	2023 as at Aug	2024	2025	2026	2027
Access to health service delivery improved	Number of health facilities under construction	2	1	1	1	1	0
	Number of staff quarters constructed	1	0	1	1	1	1
	Construction DHA office	0	0	0	1	0	0
	Number of motorbikes procured for service delivery at CHPS zones	2	1	2	2	2	2
	Number of midwives trained on safe motherhood	0	100	20	20	20	20
	Number of staff trained on PMTCT	10	100	20	20	20	20
	Number of Community Durbar on ANC, safe delivery, PNC and care of newborn and mother	30	28	20	20	20	20

Maternal and Child health improved	Percentage skilled Delivery	112.3	98.5	100	100	100	100
	Percentage teenage pregnancy	9.1	8.3	7	6	5	4
	Percentage of adolescents having abortion 10-19	16.4	8	12	10	8	5
	Percentage Children Immunized (Measles 2 Proxy)	3590	37.2	100	100	100	100
	Percentage FP acceptors	31.6	24	35	38	40	40
Malaria cases reduced	Proportion OPD cases due to malaria	16.3	11.03	15.0	12.0	10.0	10.0
	% Suspected malaria cases tested	93.9	97.8	95	98	100	100
	% confirmed malaria cases	36.8	28.6	30	28	26	25

Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects

Table 18: Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects

Standardized Operations	Standardized Projects
Public Health Services	Construction of 20-seater wc toilet at Aduman
District response initiative (DRI) on HIV/AIDS and Malaria	Construction of 20-seater wc toilet and mechanized borehole at Ejuratia
COVID-19 responses	Construction & renovation of toilets

SUB-PROGRAMME 2.3 Social Welfare and Community Development

Budget Sub-Programme Objective

- To empower persons with disability and the marginalized within the district.
- To empower community members through skills development training.
- To empower community members to undertake development initiatives.

Budget Sub- Programme Description

The Social Welfare and Community Development sub-programme seeks to enhance the socio-economic well-being of community members and marginalized groups, especially the less privileged and persons with disability regardless of age, sex and gender. It also seeks to facilitate schemes deployed by government to enhance the capacity of the poor and vulnerable by assisting them to manage socio-economic risks such as unemployment, sickness, disability and old age.

Major services delivered by the sub-programme include; mass meetings, study group meetings, sensitization on self-help projects, communal labour, child rights promotion and protection, child maintenance and custody and justice administration. It also focuses on the implementation of social support programmes such as livelihood empowerment against poverty (LEAP), registering the aged under the health insurance scheme and financial support to persons with disabilities (PWDs). The sub-programme also collaborates with the Business Advisory Centre (BAC) in building the capacities of women's group for economically viable activities.

Total staff strength of 15; all on Assembly's (GOG) payroll will deliver the sub-programme, and with funding from GOG, DACF, UNICEF and IGF sources. Beneficiaries will include; the poor and vulnerable, PWDs, women groups, the aged, Assembly, as well as the general public

Major Challenges faced in the delivery of the sub-programme include:

- Lack of logistics
- Delays in releases from Central Government

Table 19: Budget Sub-Programme Results Statement

Main Outputs	Output Indicators	Past Years		Projections			
		2022	2023 as at Aug	2024	2025	2026	2027
Community durbar organized	Number of Community fora/durbar held	12	15	15	17	20	25
Sensitization exercise of schools conducted	Number of Schools sensitized	15	20	13	20	25	30
Public education on information centres carried out	Number of programmes held at information centres	7	12	12	15	17	20
Child maintenance handled	Number of Child maintenance and family welfare cases handled	19	62	50	53	55	58
Education on child protection organized	Number of people educated on child protection	1097	3,732	1,300	1,700	2,000	2,500
Persons with Disability registered	Number of PWDs identified and registered	19	23	140	133	127	120
PWDs supported	Number of PWDs supported	21	25	110	123	130	150
LEAP beneficiaries supported	Number of LEAP beneficiary households	327	335	335	340	350	360
Mass meetings held	Number of Mass meetings held	16	18	15	17	18	20
Study group meeting held	Number of Study group meeting held	19	28	18	21	23	25
Field monitoring conducted	Number of field monitoring conducted	4	4	4	4	4	4

Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects**Table 20: Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects**

Standardized Operations	Standardized Projects
Child rights promotion and protection	
Combating domestic violence and child trafficking	
Monitoring and evaluation of programmes	
Internal management of organization	
Community mobilization	
Social Intervention Programmes	

Sub Program 2.5: Environmental Health and Sanitation Services

Sub Budget Programme Objectives

- To lead the implementation of policies on environmental health and sanitation at the district level.
- To effectively and efficiently manage solid and liquid waste in the district,

Budget Sub- Programme Description

The sub-program seeks to plan, implement and review urban and rural sanitation operations and projects within the district for the promotion of public health and safety.

The sub-program mainly deals with the following operation:

- Conducting inspection in domiciliary premises, restaurants, chop bars, drinking bars and hotels etc.(household and business places visitations)
- Organising health education for food handlers and the entire public
- Organising health screening exercise for food vendors
- Liaising with management for re-acquisition of final refuse disposal site
- Supervising the evacuation of solid and liquid waste from the district to final disposal sites
- Facilitating burial of paupers
- Supervising the cleansing of drains, streets, markets, recreational areas and lorry stations
- Safe burial of Covid-19 dead bodies

The sub-program will also deliver infrastructural services such as the construction of toilet facilities in schools and communities within the district. Funding for delivering the sub-program will be from DACF and IGF.

Beneficiaries will include the Assembly, Communities, Schools and development partners. The sub-program will be delivered by the Environmental Health Unit with total staff strength of 15 on GOG payroll. Challenges confronting delivery of the sub-program are issues of inadequate labour force, lack of tools, equipment, funds and means of transport for effective performance, interference on duty, lack of area council offices, inadequate tables and chairs in main office, lack of logistics like vehicle, motor bicycles etc. lack of client service chairs, lack of field cameras for each area councils (to be used to take photos for court evidence) and lack of coloured printer to print out captured nuisances for court evidence.

Table 23: Budget Sub-Programme Results Statement

Main Outputs	Output Indicators	Past Years		Projections			
		2022	2023 as at Aug.	2024	2025	2026	2027
Refuse sites evacuated	Number of evacuations	0	0	8	10	10	10
Health screening for food vendors	Number of food vendors screened	2134	3000	3010	4500	5000	5200
Sanitation and waste management enhanced	Number of fumigation conducted	10	9	35	40	45	50
	Number of clean up exercises organized	5	6	8	8	8	8
Public health education and sensitization	Number of for a meeting organized	12	15	4	4	4	4
Area Council meetings organized	Number of area council meetings	4	4	4	4	4	4
Domiciliary inspection conducted	Number of business places inspected	300	290	350	370	400	500
Unclaimed bodies buried/exhumation	Number of burials	1	0	10	10	10	10
Covid-19 dead bodies buried		1	0	10	10	10	10

Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects

Table 24: Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects

Standardized Operations	Standardized Projects
Environmental sanitation Management	Completion of 20-Seater WC and Urinal at Aduman SHS
Solid waste management	Construction of 20-seater WC with mechanized borehole at Ejuratia SHS
Liquid waste management	Construction & renovation of toilets

PROGRAMME 3: INFRASTRUCTURE DELIVERY AND MANAGEMENT

SUB-PROGRAMME 3.1 Physical and Spatial Planning Development

Budget Sub-Programme Objective

- To ensure sustainable and orderly development of human settlements

Budget Sub- Programme Description

The sub-programme focuses on operations on human settlement development to ensure that human settlements in the district are in a planned, orderly and spatially determined manner. It also focuses on the landscaping and beautification of the district capital. The sub-programme also coordinates the physical development activities undertaken by various public institutions as well as agencies, providing various forms of spatial planning services to both public institutions and private agencies.

The Physical Planning Department in collaboration with various stakeholders including; the Central Administration Department, Hon. Assembly Members, Department of Works, Nananom, Lands Commission and Surveyors deliver the following operations;

- Organisation of Spatial and Technical committee meeting
- Organisation of Site inspection or monitoring
- Preparation of Local Plans (Layouts)
- Processing and issuance of building permits

Funding for the sub-programme will come from GOG, DACF and IGF sources. Beneficiaries of the sub-programme include; traditional authorities, land owners, developers, Assembly, private agencies, public institutions and the public.

The key operational challenges of this sub-programme are high cost of plan preparation, which results in chiefs resorting to engaging the services of unqualified surveyors/planners, delay in the signing of approved development applications, lack of official vehicle for effective monitoring and inadequate budgetary allocations for operation of the department.

Total staff strength of four (4) all on GOG payroll will deliver the sub-programme

Table 25: Budget Sub-Programme Results Statement

Main Outputs	Output Indicators	Past Years		Projections			
		2022	2023 as at Aug.	2024	2025	2026	2027
Local & structural Plans approved	Number of plans approved	4	4	2	4	4	4
Local plans with street names digitized	Number of digitized local plans with street names	3	5	6	6	6	6
Quarterly Meeting organized	Number of meetings held	10	12	24	24	24	24
Building permits approved	No. of approved building permits	142	162	250	250	250	250
Education and sensitization carried out	Number of sensitization activities carried out	4	3	4	4	4	4
Client services improved	Number of days taken to address issues	14	12	10	10	10	10
	Number of days taken to respond to correspondences	10	10	7	7	7	7

Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects

Table 26: Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects

Standardized Operations	Standardized Projects
Land Use and Spatial Planning	
Street Naming and Property Addressing	
Administrative and technical meeting	

SUB-PROGRAMME 3.2 Public Works, Rural Housing and Water Management

Budget Sub-Programme Objective

- To implement development programmes to enhance rural transport through improved feeder and farm to market road network.
- To improve service delivery to ensure quality of life in rural arrears.
- To accelerate the provision of affordable and safe water

Budget Sub- Programme Description

The sub-programme seeks to provide technical support and consultancy services to the Assembly on all projects. The sub-programme also supervises and co-ordinates the construction, rehabilitation and maintenance of public and government buildings within the district. The Works Department with support from the Physical Planning Department deliver the sub-programme with key operations to the following:

- Facilitating the implementation of works and report to the assembly
- Assisting to prepare to tender document for all civil work project to be undertaking by the assembly through contracts or community initiative project
- Facilitating the construction, repair and maintenance of public building, roads including feeder roads and drains along any streets in the major settlements of the district
- Facilitating the provision of adequate and wholesome supply of portable water for the entire district.

Funding for the sub-programme will come from GOG, DACF, and IGF sources, and will benefit the entire Afigya Kwabre South District and the Government of Ghana. Total staff strength of twelve (12) all on Assembly's GOG payroll will deliver the sub-programme.

The major challenge faced in the delivery of the sub-programme includes; inadequate staffing levels, inadequate office accommodation space and untimely released of funds.

Table 27: Budget Sub-Programme Results Statement

Main Outputs	Output Indicator	Past Years		Projections			
		2022	2023 as at Aug	2024	2025	2026	2027
Site meetings held	Number of site meetings held	4	6	10	10	10	10
Projects inspections undertaken	Number of projects inspections undertaken on Assembly projects	18	20	24	24	24	24
	Number of building inspection conducted	30	10	50	50	50	50
Monitoring reports prepared	Number quarterly monitoring reports prepared	4	4	2	4	4	4
Feeder roads maintained	Km of feeder roads reshaped	23km	5km	15km	20km	25km	30km
Access to potable water increased	Number of boreholes constructed	15	10	10	10	10	10

Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects

Table 28: Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects

Standardized Operations	Standardized Projects
Supervision and regulation of infrastructure development	Reshape selected Feeder & Town Roads Districtwide
Internal management of the organization	Extension of Electricity (Streetlights, Poles and Accessories)
	Drilling of Boreholes in some Selected Communities
	Construction of executive Lounge at DCE's official residence
	Renovation of 3No. Area Council Offices

PROGRAMME 4: ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

SUB-PROGRAMME SP4.1 Trade, Tourism and Industrial Development

Budget Sub-Programme Objective:

- To improve the livelihood and incomes of the rural poor, micro and small-scale entrepreneurs in income generation.
- To enhance economic viability and competitiveness of the rural MSMEs.
- To increase the number of micro and small-scale enterprises that generate profit, growth and employment opportunities.
- Provide start-up kits to trained entrepreneurs.

Budget Sub-Programme Description

The sub-programme is design to invest in the rural MSMEs. It focuses on capacity building in order to empower and encourage active participation of people in the services, manufacturing, production and agro-processing sector at the local level. The sub-programme again seeks to improve on existing MSMEs through financial assistance and managerial skill training as well as helping identify new avenues for jobs, value addition, access to market and adoption of new and improved technologies. The Business Advisory Centre with key operations to will deliver the sub-programme:

- i. Organizing basic, intermediate and advance training in both technical and managerial skills
- ii. Organizing regular business counselling and follow-ups on clients and business operator
- iii. Assisting SMEs to access rural finance (matching grant and RDF)
- iv. Provision of start-up kits to trained entrepreneurs.
- v. Preparation of monthly financial returns as well as quarterly and annual reports

The Sub-Programme will be delivered by a total staff strength of 4, 3 on government (GOG) Payroll and 1 on NSS. The Sub-Programme would be delivered in collaboration with Department of Agriculture, Rural Enterprises and Department of Community Development.

The Sub-Programme would be funded by GOG, District Assembly IGF, District Assembly Common Fund, and National Board for Small Scale Industries (NBSSI) and Donor. (Rural Enterprises Programme).

The beneficiaries of the Sub-Programme include;

- Existing Micro, Small, Medium & Large Enterprises
- Prospective Entrepreneurs – Youth & women
- Farmer Based Organizations (FBOs)
- Farmers
- Traders, Processors, Transporters, and all other actors along the agricultural value chain and the General Public

The key issues/challenges of the sub-programme are:

- Lack of start-up capital for the trained clients
- Limited number of rural banks to support SME's
- Negative attitude of young graduates towards entrepreneurship

Budget Sub-Programme Results Statement

The table indicates the main outputs, its indicators and projections by which the MMDAs measure the performance of this sub-programme. The past data indicates actual performance whilst the projections are the MMDA's estimate of future performance.

Table 1: Budget Results Statement – Trade, Tourism and Industrial Development

Main Outputs	Output Indicator	Past Years		Projections			
		2021	2022 as at Aug.	2023	2024	2025	2026
MSMEs trained	Number of businesses trained in business management	50	70	80	100	120	140
Clients registered and counseled	Number of clients registered, counseled and followed-up on	70	100	20	125	150	175
Business development training organized	Number of training organized	20	30	40	50	60	70

Budget Sub-Programme Operations and Projects

The table lists the main Operations and projects to be undertaken by the sub-programme

Table 2: Main Operations and Projects

Operations	Projects
Promotion of micro, small, medium & large-scale enterprise	Expansion of Buoho market
Internal management of organisation	Renovation of Skills Training Center at Kodie
Development and promotion of Tourism potentials	

SUB-PROGRAMME 4.2 Agricultural Services and Management

Budget Sub-Programme Objective

- Food security and emergency preparedness
- Increased growth in incomes of farmers and other actors along the agricultural chain.
- Increased competitiveness and enhanced integration into domestic and international markets for the locally produced commodities.
- Sustainable management of land and environment for sustainable agricultural development.
- Science and technology applied in food and agriculture development
- Improved institutional coordination to enhance key stakeholders' collaboration in the agricultural sector.

Budget Sub- Programme Description

Basically, the Sub-programme, seeks to transfer improved agricultural technologies through the use of effective and efficient agricultural extension delivery methods.

The mode of delivery of the technological packages include;

- farm and home visits,
- field/study tours,
- Establishment of field demonstrations to enhance practical applications of agricultural technologies to enhance adoption.
- trainings, workshops among others to transfer improved technological packages to stakeholders to increase productivity of the organizational units of the Sub-Programme include;
- **Crop/Plant Protection and Regulatory Services Unit** – responsible for handling issues relating to crop production, pests and diseases prevention, control and management.
- **Animal Production-** takes care of all issues relating to production and management of ruminants, poultry birds, piggery and other non-traditional animals, eg. Housing, feeding, biosecurity measures to prevent outbreak of diseases and pests among farm animals.

- **Veterinary Services Units** deals with animal health issues and is responsible for prevention, control and management of diseases and pests' outbreaks. It carries out sensitization of animal health programme among others, eg. Anti-Rabies Education, Swine Flu etc. it also responsible for the prophylactic treatment of farm animals.
- **Agricultural Extension Services** unit is responsible for the agricultural extension sensitizations, farmer trainings, Farmer Based Organizations (FBOs) development among other things to enhance adoption of agricultural technological packages among farmers and other stakeholders.
- **Women in Agricultural Development (WIAD)** carries out activities related to women, i.e. training, formation and strengthening of women groups on fortification staples to reduce/end malnutrition.
- **Policy Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation/Management Information Systems (MIS)** is responsible for planning, budgeting and assists in the implementation of programmes and activities. It also responsible for reporting, dissemination and management of agricultural data and information. It conducts trainings for staff and other stakeholders in the agricultural industry.

The Sub-Programme would be funded by GOG, District Assembly IGF, District Assembly Common Fund and Donor (Global Affairs - Canada).

The beneficiaries of the Sub-Programme include; Farmers, Farmer Based Organizations (FBOs), Traders, Processors, Agro Input Dealers, Transporters, and all other actors along the agricultural value chain and the General Public.

The Sub-Programme will be delivered by a total staff strength of 36, 14 of them on District Assembly (GOG) Payroll, 5 others on GOG Payroll and 17 NABCO Personnel. The Sub-Programme would be delivered in collaboration with Regional Agric. Dept., NADMO, Crop Research Institute, Business Advisory Center (BAC), NGOs, Development Partners (JICA), Ghana Health Service, and Ghana Fire Service.

The key challenges affecting the delivery of the sub-programme include the following;

- Increasing rate of urbanization which results in the use of arable lands for residential and commercial buildings.
- Climate changes issues affect farming, especially crop production, Incidence of diseases and pests, eg. Fall Armyworms

- Institutionalized sand winning activities which destroys arable lands, water bodies and sometimes destroys established farms.
- Inadequate operational funds for agricultural activities
- Lack of residential accommodation for the staff, especially, the Senior Officers in the department.

Table 33: Budget Sub-Programme Results Statement

Main Outputs	Output Indicators	Past Years		Projections			
		2022	2023 as at Aug	2024	2025	2026	2027
Improved varieties of maize demonstrations in farms established	Number of maize farm demonstration established	31	25	6	22	25	28
Improved varieties of rice demonstration farms established	Number of rice demonstration farms established	10	6	1	8	8	10
Farmers introduced to improved maize and rice seeds	Number beneficiaries	200	150	450	250	270	300
Rice and maize demonstration fields established	Acreage of field established	10	8	4	8	9	10
	Number of beneficiaries	150	120	80	130	130	140
Hybrid nurseries distributed	Number of hybrid oil palm nurseries distributed	10,000	8,000	6000	6000	8000	10000
Farming communities sensitized on Government flagship programs such PFJ, PERD etc	Number of communities sensitized	21	17	20	25	25	30
Dogs and pets vaccinated against the rabies infestations	Number of animals vaccinated	300	210	150	300	300	300
Home and farm visits by AEAs carried out	Number of home and farm visits	2000	1500	1080	1600	1600	1700
	Number of beneficiaries	7000	5000	7100	11000	12000	12000
Supervision and monitoring activities implemented	Number of monitoring visits undertaken	35	22	20	20	24	24
Quarterly technical review meeting organized	Number of quarterly technical review meetings held	4	3	3	4	4	4

Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects

Table 34: Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects

Standardized Operations	Standardized Projects
Production and Acquisition of improved agricultural inputs	
Extension services	

PROGRAMME 5: ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

SUB-PROGRAMME 5.1 Disaster Prevention and Management

Budget Sub-Programme Objective

- To prevent and manage disaster and similar emergencies and to develop the capacity of Communities to respond effectively to disasters and emergencies.

Budget Sub- Programme Description

The sub-programme seeks to implement the Government's policy on disaster management by reducing man-made and natural disasters to the barest minimum. The sub-programme will be delivered by the NADMO in collaboration with the Ghana National Fire Service (GNFS), The Forestry Commission and the Electricity Company of Ghana (ECG) by:

- Taking monitoring tours from Community to Community to map up hazards.
- Organizing fire and flood prevention campaigns and climate change related issues
- Organizing workshops and training programmes for staffs and Disaster Volunteer Groups (DVGs)
- Purchasing relief items for distribution to affected disaster victims.
- Purchasing office equipment to enhance and facilitate sub-programme delivery.

The sub-programme will be funded by DACF, IGF, and GoG, a total staff of 13 on GOG payroll will carry out the sub-programme, which will benefit the general public.

Challenges in the programme delivery are;

- Financial constraints
- Logistical constraints
- Delay in the release of resources

Table 35: Budget Sub-Programme Results Statement

Main Outputs	Output Indicators	Past Years		Projections			
		2021	2022 as at Aug	2023	2024	2025	2026
Supported disaster victims	No. of victims supported	5	0	15	15	17	20
Educational campaigns on disaster prevention and climate change issues conducted	No. of campaigns organized	3	5	10	10	12	15
Workshops and training programmes organized	No. of programmes organized	2	0	6	7	7	10
Disaster Mapping in communities conducted	No. of communities visited	5	4	10	11	12	12

Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects**Table 36: Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects**

Standardized Operations	Standardized Projects
Disaster management	
Internal management of the organisation	

SUB-PROGRAMME 5.2 Natural Resources Conservation and Management

Budget Sub-Programme Objective

Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects

Table 38: Budget Sub-Programme Standardized Operations and Projects

Standardized Operations	Standardized Projects
Green Economy Activities	

PART C: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

PART D: PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION PLAN (PIP)

Public Investment Plan (PIP) for On-Going Projects for The MTEF (2023-2026)

MMDA: AFIGYA KWABRE SOUTH											
Funding Source: DACF, DACF-RFG AND IGF											
Approved Budget:											
#	Code	Project	Contractor	% Work Done	Total Contract Sum	Actual Payment	Outstanding Commitment	2024 Budget	2025 Budget	2026 Budget	2027 Budget
1	221005	Renovation of 1No. 6-Unit two storey classroom block with ancillary facilities at Krobo	Jometo Ent. Ltd.	50.00	297,101.70	100,000.00	197,101.70	197,101.70	-	-	-
2		Completion of 1No.9Unit Classroom Block at Afrancho	Enye Mahoden Eye Awurade Ent.	30.00	949,438.35	20,000.00	929,438.35	250,000.00	226,479.45	226,479.45	226,479.45
3		Completion of 1No. 2-Unit KG. Block with Ancillary Facilities at Apagya	Alaseid Ent.	100.00	261,073.70	249,094.00	11,979.70	11,979.70	-	-	-
4	519385	Construction of 3-Storey Clinic at Wioso (Phase 1)	Chauser Ltd.	70.00	901,080.08	474,300.00	426,780.08	391,224.00	83,076.00	-	-
5	1318731	Construction of 20-Seater WC at Aduman Senior High	Enye Mahoden Eye Awurade Ent.	90.00	284,479.02	229,001.80	55,477.22	55,477.22	-	-	-
6		Construction of Executive Lounge at DCE's Official Residence	Ikodan Co. Ltd	80.00	87,393.09	30,000.00	57,393.00	57,393.00			
7		Expansion of Buoho Market	Jometo Ent. Ltd	100.00	304,000.00	152,000.00	152,000.00	80,000.00	70,000.00	-	-
8		Renovation of Skills Training Centre at Kodie	Trictech Enterprise	40.00	79,820.16	31,000.00	48,820.16	48,820.16	-	-	-

Proposed Projects for The MTEF (2023-2026) – New Projects

MMDA:					
#	Project Name	Project Description	Proposed Funding Source	Estimated Cost (GHS)	Level of Project Preparation (i.e. Concept Note, Pre/Full Feasibility Studies or none)
1	Construction of Administrative Block at Ejuratia SHS	Construction and furnishing of 1No. Administration Block with WC for males and females at Ejuratia SHS	DACF-RFG	723,541.00	Concept Note
2	Construction of 6-Unit Classroom Block at Nkukua Buoho	Construction of 1No. 6-Unit Classroom Block with Office and furniture at Nkukua Buoho	DACF-RFG	723,541.00	Concept Note
3	Construction of 20-seater WC toilet with a mechanized borehole at Ejuratia Senior High School	Construction of 1No. WC toilet with mechanized boreholes for females at Ejuratia SHS	DACF	444,445.10	Concept Note
4	Construction of Multi-purpose Sports Complex at Kodie	Construction of 1No. Multi-purpose Sports Complex at Kodie	DACF	200,000.00	Concept Note